Seniors' Housing in B.C.

Affordable · Appropriate · Available









www.seniorsadvocatebc.ca 1-877-952-3181

Why Housing?

#1 issue raised by seniors





Approach to the Report

- Independent Living (Renters & Owners)
- Assisted Living
- Residential Care



- Is it affordable?
- Is it appropriate?
- ♦ Is it available?



Where & How B.C. Seniors Live

Independent Living 93% (762,700) 80% Own 20% Rent

Assisted Living
3% (22,800)
(7,635 Registered & 15,000 Non-registered)

Residential Care 4% (30,000)



Seniors' Incomes

- Median income 65+: \$24,000
- Median income 75+: \$22,000
- 26% live alone
- 24% of senior homeowners have household income <\$30,000</p>
- 58% of senior renters have household income <\$30,000</p>
 - 35% have household income <\$20,000





Challenges for Renters

- SAFER does not adequately cover rents in urban areas
- Lack of appropriate housing in rural and remote areas of B.C.
- Seniors' Subsidized Housing has long waitlists





Renters' Living Expenses

	Metro Vancouver		Cranbrook	
Annual gross income	\$18,180	\$24,000	\$18,180	\$24,000
Monthly after-tax income	\$1,514	\$1,902	\$1,514	\$1,902
Average rent for 1 BR	\$1,038	\$1,038	\$625	\$625
Basic costs of living:				
Food	\$250	\$250	\$293	\$293
Utilities, tenants' insurance	\$72	\$72	\$105	\$105
Phone, internet, cable	\$90	\$90	\$90	\$90
Clothing and personal care	\$100	\$100	\$100	\$100
Transportation	\$4	\$52	\$167	\$167
MSP Premiums	\$0	\$13	\$0	\$13
Health costs not covered by MSP:				
Fair PharmaCare medications	\$44	\$52	\$44	\$52
Over-the-counter medications	\$85	\$85	\$85	\$85
Dental, hearing, vision, mobility aids	\$142	\$142	\$142	\$142
Other Health Services	\$25	\$25	\$25	\$25
Other daily costs of living	\$140	\$140	\$140	\$140
Total basic living costs	\$952	\$1,021	\$1,191	\$1,212
SAFER subsidy amount	\$254	\$90	\$165	\$30
Remaining funds	-\$222	-\$67	-\$137	\$95



- Increase SAFER cap to meet average rents for different areas of the province
- Increase the supply of appropriate housing in rural B.C.

Promote awareness of subsidies and programs for seniors





Challenges for Homeowners

- Taxes and utilities are increasing beyond inflation
- Maintenance costs are high
- Major repairs can force a move
- Home equity is difficult to access





Homeowners' Living Expenses

	Metro Vancouver		Cranbrook	
Annual gross income	\$20,000	\$24,000	\$20,000	\$24,000
Monthly after-tax income	\$1,642	\$1,902	\$1,642	\$1,902
Homeowner expenses:				
Property taxes, municipal charges	\$303	\$303	\$199	\$199
Homeowner's insurance	\$133	\$133	\$112	\$112
Major repairs and maintenance	\$250	\$250	\$250	\$250
Minor repairs and maintenance	\$35	\$35	\$35	\$35
Utilities	\$245	\$245	\$290	\$290
Total homeowner expenses	\$966	\$966	\$886	\$886
Total basic living costs	\$1,047	\$1,064	\$1,090	\$1,107
Remaining funds	-\$371	-\$128	-\$334	-\$91



Create a Homeowner Expense Deferral Account program

	House in Vancouver	House in Kelowna	House in Prince George	Condo in Nanaimo	
Home Price at Year 1	\$1,000,000	\$470,000	\$295,000	\$250,000	
Major Property Expenses at Year 1					
Major repairs and maintenance	\$3,000	\$3,000	\$3,000	\$500	
Property taxes, municipal charges	\$3,931	\$2,957	\$3,532	\$1,925	
Homeowners' insurance premiums	\$1,600	\$1,250	\$1,344	\$300	
Utilities	\$2,940	\$3,300	\$3,655	\$360	
Condominium fees	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,009	
Total at the beginning of Year 1	\$11,471	\$10,507	\$11,531	\$6,094	
Home Value at the exit year					
If exit at Year 10	\$1,195,093	\$561,694	\$352,552	\$298,773	
If exit at Year 20	\$1,456,811	\$684,701	\$429,759	\$364,203	
Equity left in the property as a percentage of Home Value at the exit year					
If exit at Year 10	88%	77%	59%	74%	
If exit at Year 20	75%	51%	15%	45%	



Challenges with Assisted Living

The current registration model of allowing only 2 prescribed services restricts seniors' access

B.C.'s six prescribed services:

- 1. Regular assistance with activities of daily living (eating, mobility, dressing, bathing, etc.)
- 2. Central storage, distribution, administering or monitoring the taking of medication
- 3. Maintenance or management of cash resources or other property
- 4. Monitoring of food intake or of adherence to therapeutic diets
- 5. Structured behaviour management and intervention
- 6. Psychosocial or intensive physical rehabilitative therapy



Accommodating Seniors' Care Needs

Senior A

- No dementia
- Congestive heart failure & osteoarthritis
- Needs physical assistance with daily activities such as dressing
- Failing eyesight, requires assistance with medications
- Plays bridge, Skypes with grandchildren
- Suffers a fall, put in wheelchair, requires intense physiotherapy, takes two staff to transfer
- **♦ WILL BE MOVED TO**RESIDENTIAL CARE

Senior B

- No dementia
- Lives alone
- Uses cane, needs limited physical assistance
- Has dysphagia (swallowing disorder), requires ongoing food monitoring
- WOULD NOT BE ADMITTED TO ASSISTED LIVING, GOES STRAIGHT TO RESIDENTIAL CARE



How Do We Compare?

RAI-HC assessment element	B.C. Registered Assisted Living	Alberta Supportive Living 4			
ADL Hierarchy 3+	10%	25%			
Wheelchair use indoors	5%	25%			
Difficulty with medication management and 9+ different meds	20%	57%			
Any personal support in last 7 days					
1 to 6 days	11%	4%			
Daily	40%	77%			



- Redesign assisted living and change regulations to:
 - accommodate a wider range of seniors, and
 - be responsive to seniors' care needs as they change





Challenges with Residential Care

- Not appropriate for lower need seniors
- Residents not getting their preferred bed
- Not enough single rooms
- Families not aware of Temporary Rate Reductions





Ensuring the Right Level of Housing

RAI Profile of Community Care Clients	% of residential care client population		
	B.C.	AB	ON
Profile 1: LIGHT PHYSICAL AND COGNITIVE CARE NEEDS Relatively low care needs with relatively high levels of both cognitive and physical function	6.1%	2.3%	5.6%
Profile 2: DEMENTIA CARE NEEDS Cognitive impairment that can make it challenging for them to live alone, but low physical care needs and low medical needs	5.4%	0.9%	1.8%
Profile 3: HIGHER PHYSICAL CARE NEEDS Somewhat higher physical care needs but, in all other respects, could potentially receive care in the community	4.7%	1%	3%



Getting a Preferred Bed

- 67% admitted to residential care within 30 days
- 32% receive their preferred bed when first admitted
- 17% achieve their preferred bed after accepting the first appropriate bed





- Change admission screening; ensure higher functioning seniors get additional assessment
- Compel Health Authorities to go to transfer list first
- Commit to 95% single room occupancy units by 2025





18 recommendations to make housing more

Affordable Appropriate Available

Let's get started on making things better for seniors in B.C.

